SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue date 10 Feb. 2010
Supersedes 30 Nov. 2007

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>Linseed oil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This MSDS is for both raw and boiled linseed oil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sector Use - SU:**
- SU19 Building and construction work
- SU20 Health services
- SU21 Private households (= general public = consumers)
- SU22 Professional uses: Public domain

**Chemical Product Category:** PC9a: Coatings and paints

**Process categories [PROC]:** PROC10. Roller application or brushing

**Environmental Release Categories:**
- ERC 8C Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (paint)
- ERC 8F Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix (paint)

**Use**
For diluting linseed paint or surface treatment of unpainted or painted surfaces.

**Manufacture/responsible import within the EEA.**
Allbäck Linoljeprodukter AB

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Östra Balkåkravägen 18
SE-271 91 Ystad
Sweden

**Phone**
+46-(0)411-606 02

**Fax**
+46-(0)411- 602 41

e-mail
alallback=allbackpaint.com

**Contact**
Sonja Allbäck

**Emergency phone**
NHS Direct 0845-4647
NHS 24: 08454 242424 (24 hrs service)
Information may also be obtained from www.npis.org
The UK National Poisons Information Service
4123 Birmingham

**Issued by**
Ann Martens, Ramböll Sweden AB

**Phone**
+46-(0)40-10 54 47

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Classification:**
Not classified as hazardous for health or environment.
Most important hazards:
Risk for spontaneous combustion if linseed oil is absorbed by porous organic material (cotton waste or rag). This oxidation, which give rise to heat can happen even at room temperature, but raised temperature increases the risk.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EC-no</th>
<th>CAS-no</th>
<th>Components name</th>
<th>Conc.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>232-278-6</td>
<td>8001-26-1</td>
<td>Linseed oil</td>
<td>100 %</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>236-562-0</td>
<td>13434-24-7</td>
<td>Manganese drying agent (siccative)</td>
<td>&lt; 0,09 mg/litre oil</td>
<td>Xn, R22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(only in boiled linseed oil).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Manganese bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Explanation of abbreviations:
CAS-no = Chemical Abstracts Service; EC-no (Einecs- or Elincs number) = European inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical of Substances or European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
Content given in either %, % weight/weight, % vol/weight, % vol/vol, mg/m3, ppb, ppm, weight%, vol%.
OEL = The product has an occupational exposure limit, PBT = The product is a PBT or vPvB substance.

Comments: Substances are declared according to directive 99/45/EG and amendments.
Linseed oil contains mainly of natural triglycerides from oleic, linoleic, cetylic acid, linolenic acid and stearic acid
For Risk phrases in full text see section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

| Inhalation          | Not relevant, except when spraying the product. Move to fresh air and rest if irritation occurs. |
| Skin contact        | Wash the skin with soap or linseed oil soap and water. |
| Eye Contact         | Remove contact lenses. Rinse the eyes for a couple of minutes. If symptoms persist, seek a physician. |
| Ingestion           | Drink copious amount of milk or water. The product is a laxative in large amounts, but no risk for intoxication. |
| First aid equipment | Access to water for rinsing eyes at the working place. |

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Suitable extinguishing media | Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray. |
| Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons | Water jet. |
| Fire and explosion hazards | Self extinguishing at 343°C. Avoid smoke from the combustion. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. |
| Other information | Remove combustible material, Cool surfaces and containers |
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Measurements for personal protection
Wash with soap or linseed oil soap and water.

Measurements for environmental protection.
The product will float on water and can be removed mechanically. Prevent discharge in the sewage system.

Methods for cleaning up.
Make embankments with sand, soil or similar and collect. Small amounts could be washed away with water. The product is not hazardous waste and is easily biodegradable in nature.

Not suitable cleaning methods.
If organic fibrous material is used for cleaning it is a fire risk and the material should be soaked in water.

Measurement when accident during transport. ADR
Switch of the motor. Keep away ignition sources. Make embankments as above.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Be aware of fire hazard in porous organic materials. Immerse rags in water.

Storage
Store at room temperature. Keep away from children.

Preventing action
None

Specific use
See point 1

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Occupational Exposure Limits, EH40

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EU-no</th>
<th>CAS-no</th>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>OES 8 h</th>
<th>MEL 5 min</th>
<th>OES 15 min</th>
<th>Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oil mist</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>1990 Swedish value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Oil mist</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (10 min.)</td>
<td>UK value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The UK value is only for mineral oil, but the Swedish value is for all kind of oils. It is however wise not to exceed the OES value, even if there is no mineral oil in this product.

Recommended monitoring procedures
None

Technical Measures/Precautions
Good ventilation during painting. The product demands oxygen when drying and therefore air thoroughly.

Respiratory protection
None when painting. If polishing or grinding dried product a dust mask could be used. If occupational exposure value is surpassed use half mask with particle filter and filter A.

Hand protection
None
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance/State of aggregation</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Linseed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0.94 kg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>349 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>-19°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>222°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto ignition temperature</td>
<td>343°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>Oxidizing. Can self ignite in porous materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water</td>
<td>Can only emulsify and is not soluble in water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in other solvents</td>
<td>The product is partially soluble in many solvents, but it is not recommended to mix with solvents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not determined but probably &gt;3. Linseed oil does normally consist of about 18-23 % oleic acid and this has a log Kow 7.7. The other triglycerides in linseed oil are similar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC content</td>
<td>&lt;38 g/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Emission factor, Total volatile organic compounds, TVOC | 64 μg/(m²xh) after 4 week of drying time of linseed oil paint (pure linseed oil is not tested).  
18 μg/(m²xh) after 26 weeks of drying time oil paint. |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Condition to avoid             | Do not store above room temperature and not below 4°C |
| Material to avoid              | Strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.  
It reacts violently with hypochlorite. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | None                        |
| Stability                      | Stable at normal storage conditions         |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General information: Linseed oil is a common animal nutrition additive and has no known toxicological hazards. There are even some studies that indicate positive health effects of new Pressed linseed oil. The added siccative in boiled linseed oil makes it however unsuitable to ingest.

Inhalation: Only a risk when spraying the product. The product could cause irritation if occupational exposure limit for oil mist is surpassed. The product consumes oxygen when drying and good ventilation is necessary. If inferior ventilation exists, there is a risk for headache.

Skin contact: Repeated contact might dry out the skin, but during normal use there is no hazard.

Acute toxicity: Linseed oil: >15000 mg/kg body weight.

Ingestion: Linseed oil is a laxative, but single ingestion will not give raise to any hazard.

Sensitization: Not a sensitizer.

Carcinogenic effects: None known.
Reproductive toxicity: None known.
Mutagenic effects: None known.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity for aquatic organisms (OECD): The product is not toxic to aquatic organisms.
Persistency and biodegradation: The linseed oil is easily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulation: The product will not bioaccumulate.
PBT Assessment: The product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substance.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code EWC</th>
<th>Depends where the waste is produced, but suitable codes are 02 02 03, 20 01 28 or 08 01 13.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The product is hazardous waste</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Package disposal</td>
<td>Can be sorted as plastic (polypropylene) if properly cleaned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suitable disposal measurements</td>
<td>Must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General: Not classified as hazardous goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Labelling Symbols: No hazard label required.

Classification: Not classified as hazardous for health or environment.

Labelling package:
“Safety data sheet for professional users available upon request”

Interior and exterior minimal build woodstains (category f), VOC content <38 g/l.
EC-limit from 2010, 700 g/l.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This MSDS is changed in the following sections:
MSDS changed in Section 1, 3, 9 and 15.

R-phrases from section 3:
Manganese bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
R22 Harmful if swallowed.

VOC is determined according to ISO 11890-2. The volatile VOC will probably remain in the colour due to cross-binding reactions. This has been shown in emission measurements during painting with linseed oil paint.
Sources for data in this MSDS
- MSDS from supplier of ingredients for this product.
- IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database) Chemical Data Sheets, Data base European commission
- ESIS (European chemical Substances Information System).
- Prevent, Chemical Substances database, (http://kemi.prevent.se/)
- ECHA, Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment: Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system. Draft ver. 2.0, 2009

Other information:
The safety data sheet is based on the REACH regulation 1907/2006/EC and other appropriate directives for classification and labelling like 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC.